

Name: Key Period: _____ Date: _____

1.5 – 1.6 Conditional Statements and Deductive Reasoning WS

In questions 1-4, underline the hypothesis and circle the conclusion in each conditional statement. Then decide if the statement is TRUE or FALSE. If it is false, identify a counterexample.

1. If a student at IHS has Geometry this year, then the student's teacher is Mrs. Karpenko

TRUE or FALSE If false, a counterexample is the student could have Mr. Blaskie.

2. If the product of two whole numbers is even, then the two numbers were both even.

TRUE or FALSE If false, a counterexample is the #s could be 1 and 2 since $(1)(2)=2$.

3. A person has a fever if their body temperature is 103° F.

TRUE or FALSE If false, a counterexample is _____.

4. If the sum of two whole numbers is odd, then one of the numbers is odd and the other is even.

TRUE or FALSE If false, a counterexample is _____.

In questions 5-7, write the converse of the given conditional statement. Then decide if the converse is TRUE or FALSE. If it is false, identify a counterexample or draw a picture of a counterexample.

5. If all three sides of a triangle have different lengths, then the triangle is scalene.

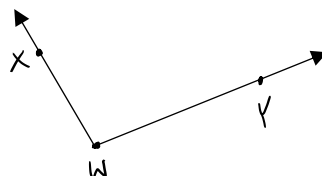
Converse: If a triangle is scalene, then all three of its sides have different lengths.

TRUE or FALSE If false, a counterexample is _____.

6. Two rays share the same endpoint if they are opposite rays.

Converse: If two rays share the same endpoint, then they are opposite rays.

TRUE or FALSE If false, a counterexample is



\overrightarrow{WX} and \overrightarrow{WY}
share point W but
aren't opposite rays.

7. Three points are collinear if they lie on the same plane.

Converse: If three points are collinear, then they lie on the same plane.

TRUE or FALSE If false, a counterexample is _____.

For questions 8-9, help order the steps someone took when correctly solving algebraic problems. Write a “1” to indicate the first step, a “2” for the second step, and so on.

8. $5x - 18 = 3(x + 2)$

9. $4|2x + 3| = 36$

$2x - 18 = 6$

2

$x = 3$ or $x = -6$

4

$2x = 24$

3

$|2x + 3| = 9$

1

$5x - 18 = 3x + 6$

1

$2x + 3 = 9$ or $2x + 3 = -9$

2

$5x - 18 = 3(x + 2)$

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$2x = 6$ or $2x = -12$

3

$x = 12$

4

$4|2x + 3| = 36$

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For question 10, use the table below to fill in the missing steps and reasons of the deductive argument.

Algebraic Proof A list of algebraic steps to solve problems where each step is justified is called an **algebraic proof**. The table shows properties you have studied in algebra.

The following properties are true for any real numbers a , b , and c .

Addition Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then $a + c = b + c$.
Subtraction Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then $a - c = b - c$.
Multiplication Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then $a \cdot c = b \cdot c$.
Division Property of Equality	If $a = b$ and $c \neq 0$, then, $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{c}$.
Reflexive Property of Equality	$a = a$
Symmetric Property of Equality	If $a = b$ and $b = a$.
Transitive Property of Equality	If $a = b$ and $b = c$, then $a = c$.
Substitution Property of Equality	If $a = b$, then a may be replaced by b in any equation or expression.
Distributive Property	$a(b + c) = ab + ac$

10. $2(4x - 6) = x + 37$	
Step	Reason
1. $2(4x - 6) = x + 37$	1. Given
2. $8x - 12 = x + 37$	2. Distributive Property
3. $8x = x + 49$	3. Addition Property of Equality
4. $7x = 49$	4. Subtraction Property of Equality
5. $x = 7$	5. Division Property of Equality